



Pedagogical Uses of Digital Technology

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September 2023













- Educational and Open Educational Resources for Teaching and Learning
- 2. Personal Learning Environment (PLE)
- 3. Pedagogical Activation
- 4. Supporting Resources



Educational & Open Educational Resources for Teaching & Learning

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We spend 45 minutes together to

Become aware

- o of the **diversity** of educational resources
- o of your **freedom** as a teacher to **share** educational resources
- o of the **benefits of opening** educational resources to other teachers & students
- of the fact that we are at your disposal!

Who are we?

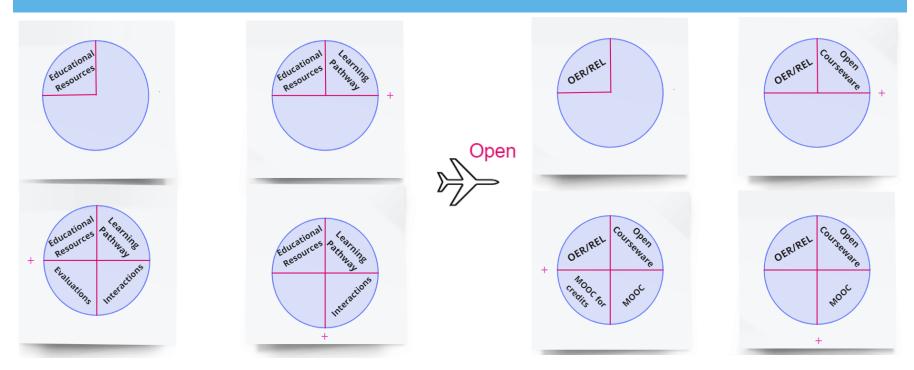
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Part 1: The 4 Components of Teaching



Witthaus G., Inamorato dos Santos A., Childs M., Tannhäuser A., Conole G., Nkyub watsi B., Punie Y. (2016). *Validation of non-formal MOOC-based Learning: An Anal ysis of Assessment and Recognition. Practices in Europe (OpenCred)*. DOI: 10.2791/809371.

Jacqmot C., Docq. F, Deville Y. (2020). A Framework to Understand, Analy se and Describe Online and Open Education in Higher Education. DOI: 20.500.12279/783.

Part 1: The 4 Components of Teaching

An (open) educational resource is

A numerical or non-numerical entity

Subject to copyright

Its author(s) can decide to

- Sell it
- Or make it freely available (e.g. Creative Commons)

Translated from <u>Utiliser des ressources pédagogiques existantes</u> by Pôle Ingénierie pédagogique et production audiovisuelle de l'Université Clermont Auvergne

Pick 3 cards from your group's table:

> I used this resource as a **teacher**;

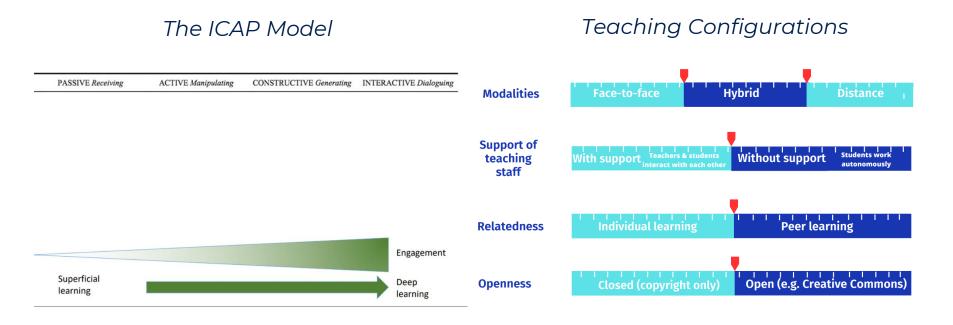
Or

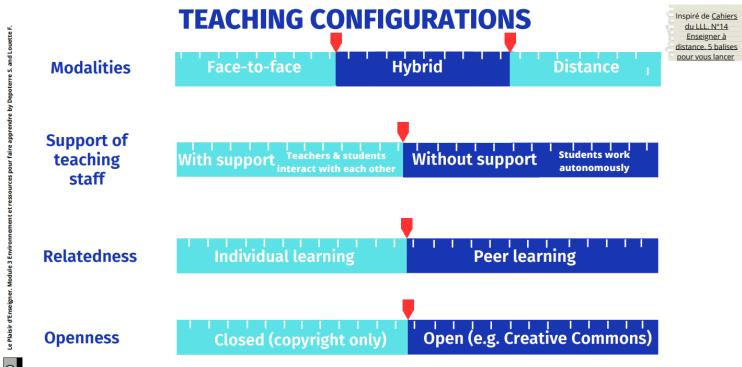
I appreciated this resource as a student;

Or

➤ I would **love to use** this resource as a teacher;

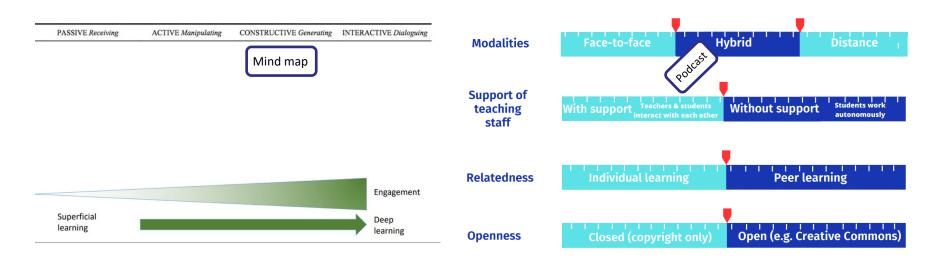
Here are 2 models to associate (open) educational resources (your cards) with:







Place your **cards on both models** where you find it most relevant. *As an example* :



Answer the questions in 2 rounds / Each round takes 7 minutes.

- Round 1: The ICAP Model
- Round 2: Teaching Configurations

Round 1: The ICAP model - 7 min

- Justify the **placement** of the cards on the model.
- Compare different modes of cognitive engagement for the same resource.
- How to push a resource towards a higher ICAP level or how to encourage deeper learning?



Round 2: Several teaching configurations - 7 min

- **Justify** the **placement** of the cards on the model.
- Move a card to the left or to the right on its slider. To what extent would the teaching configuration be changed if you moved the card
 - Towards more distance, face-to-face or hybrid teaching?
 - Towards more or less support of the teaching staff?
 - Towards more individual or peer learning?
 - o Towards more opening?
- <u>Slider 4</u>: What are the **benefits** of Open Education for **teachers**? And for **students**?
- How to make an educational resource open or more accessible while protecting Copyright?
- Where can you publish an Open Educational Resource?
 - Do you know open repositories and metarepositories?
 - o Who is <u>www.oer.uclouvain.be</u> aimed for?



Let's imagine

In the context of your new courses and lectures, you create a (huge) number of digital resources and you are proud of them, hopefully!

These resources will be at the heart of your competences and experience. Preparing them takes time. Therefore, you would like to share them with the entire world and other HEI but you do not want to lose your ownership.

How to proceed?



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In the context of your new courses and lectures, you create a (huge) number of digital resources and you are proud of them, hopefully!

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How to proceed?

"Reuse could take the form of using our materials in the classroom, directing othe r individuals toward the freely available m aterials and tools, drawing on the content in your own writing, study or research. **Re mixing** could take the form of **reworking**, **rewriting**, and **translating** units."

(OpenLearn Create)

THE 5 PRINCIPLES OF OERS

RETAIN

The right to make, own and control copies of the content (e.g. download, duplicate, store and manage)

REMIX

The right to combine the original or revised content with other material to create something new

REUSE

The right to use the content in a wide range of ways [e.g. in a class, in a study group, on a website, in a video]

REDISTRIBUTE

The right to share copies of the original content, your revisions or your remixes with others

RFVIS

The right to adapt, adjust, modify or alter the content itself (e.g. translate it into another language)



These five principles are made possible by Creative Commons licences, which permit the authors to retain the right of authorship of the resources while assigning some usage rights (depending on the licence) so that anyone can use them (subject to certain conditions) without the need to request prior permission.

<u>Les Cahiers du LLL-N°6bis : Open Education. A few tips to get started</u> by Mathelart, C. et al. under <u>CC BY-SA</u>, page 22

Open Educational Resources (OERs) Ressources éducatives libres (RELs)



OERs: "Any type of teaching material freely available and accessible to the public. Teachers are encouraged to use, copy, adapt and re-share open resources to suit their needs and the needs of their students" (UNESCO2012)

- Training materials in a digital format
- Books, videos, images, exercises, lessons, online coursewares, case studies, serious games, assessments, simulators...

SYLLABI

INFOGRAPHICS

DEMOS

VIDEOS

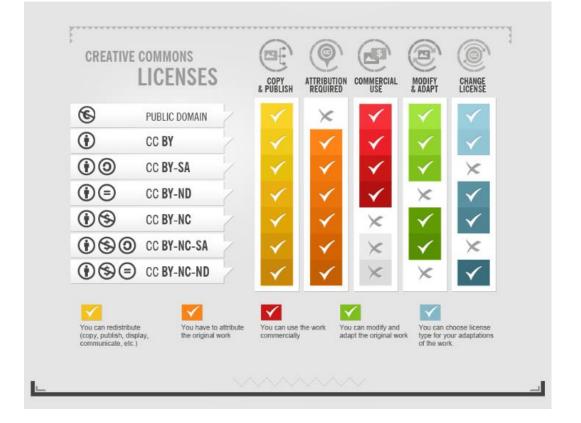
- Can be Retained, Reused, Revised, Redistributed and Remixed (5 Rs)
- Protected by an open license (e.g. Creative Commons)
- Compared to MOOCs or Moodle:
 - Static
 - Accessible at any time
 - No formal assessment of learning outcomes
 - No credit, no certification



Rights, Ownership: How to Protect your Resources?



How To Attribute
Creative
Commons
Photos by Foter is
licensed
under CC-BY-SA



Choose the appropriate license





Advantages of Sharing & Opening your Resources

Teachers

- Increases visibility and thereby creates new opportunities for collaboration
- Saves time: one can use quality resources colleagues have produced
- Incentive to develop better-quality educational resources that they are proud to show to the outside world
- Can reach students that would never travel to Belgium to take the course (virtual mobility)
- Allows new approaches to teaching (such as multimodal, flipped learning, etc.)
-

Institution

- Impact on the quality of teaching
- Increases visibility and reputation
- Internationalization
- Demonstration, attractiveness
- Lifelong learning opportunities, service to alumni
- Democratization of access
- Guidance: students can explore a discipline before choosing their studies
- More than speaking of Opennessdoing Openness
-

Students

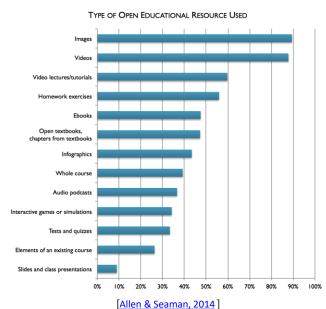
- Free (+gratis) access
- Can come across materials that contribute to the understanding of the course (Remediation, leveling up, Deepening)
- Micro Learning
- Self paced learning
- Can access learning material from other (top) universities
- Latest version of course material available online

Where to Access & Deposit Educational Resources?





- Oer Commons
- <u>Merlot</u>
- <u>Khan Academy (Eng)</u>; <u>Khan Academy (fr)</u>
- Oasis
- OpenStax and Pressbooks (Open Textbooks)
- Oxford Open Conted
- <u>Wikimedia Commons</u>, YouTube (licensed under CC)
- Open Moodle



Learn how to reuse & deposit OFRs





oer.uclouvain.be (09/23)



Communities in OER-UCLouvain

Choose a community to browse its collections.

Academic support Resources for Academic Support and Professional Development
Agricultural and veterinary sciences
Engineering and technology 68
Humanities and the arts 37
Medical and health sciences (118)
Natural sciences 160
Social sciences 281

Discover

Author

Author	
PLUMAT, Jim	103
DE KESEL, Myriam	100
BODART, Vincent	51
CONTINO, Francesco	42
KAMINSKI, Ludovic	35
RAUCENT, Benoît	30
VAN DER LINDEN, Bru	ıno 29
JACQMOT, Christine	28
RAUCENT, Benoit	21
HINDRIKS, Jean	19
	next >

SS to PSI 90 fiche pédagogique 81 physique 71 orthopédie 65 vidéo 66 expérience 62 emploi 45 marché du travail 43 chômage 42 pédagogie active 32		
physique 71 orthopédie 66 vidéo 66 expérience 62 emploi 45 marché du travail 43 chômage 42 pédagogie active 32	SS to PSI	90
orthopédie 66 vidéo 66 expérience 62 emploi 45 marché du travail 43 chômage 42 pédagogie active 32	fiche pédagogique	81
vidéo 66 expérience 62 emploi 45 marché du travail 43 chômage 42 pédagogie active 32	physique	71
expérience 62 emploi 45 marché du travail 43 chômage 42 pédagogie active 32	orthopédie	66
emploi 45 marché du travail 43 chômage 42 pédagogie active 32	vidéo	66
marché du travail 43 chômage 42 pédagogie active 32	expérience	62
chômage 42 pédagogie active 32	emploi	45
pédagogie active 32	marché du travail	43
	chômage	42
next >	pédagogie active	32
		next >

Subject

Educational Level	
Master	418
Baccalaureat	325
Doctoral	264
longlife	228
Secondary	121
Bachelor	110
	next >

OERs: One component of Open Education

- A movement aimed at making education universal, available to the greatest number of people
- Based on the sharing of educational resources and practices in order to break down barriers to access
- Encourages everyone to take advantage of the growing number of learning opportunities.

Discover Openness at UCLouvain : <u>Université numerique</u> (FR) or <u>Digital University</u> (ENG)



Bibliography





The 4 Components of Teaching

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Personal Learning **Environment**

(PLE)

- Educational and Open Educational Resources for Teaching and Learning
- Personal Learning Environment (PLE)
- **Pedagogic Activation**
- **Supporting Resources**

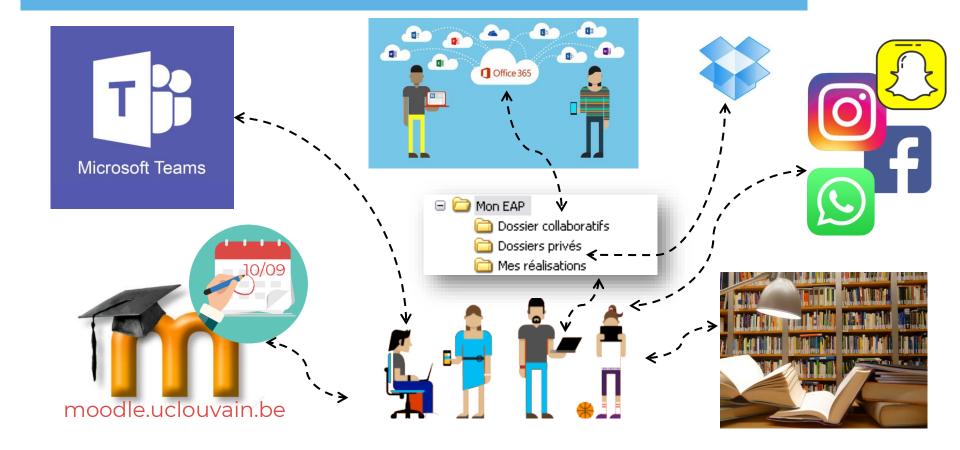




« PLE is the way people are using technology for learning and which allows them to shape their own learning spaces, to form and join communities and to create, consume, remix, and share material. » (Attwell, 2006)

« Un écosystème de personnes et d'outils analogiques ou numériques que l'individu mobilise et agence dans le cadre d'activités de construction de connaissances.» (Nicolas Roland, 2013)

An example of Personal Learning Environment (PLE)

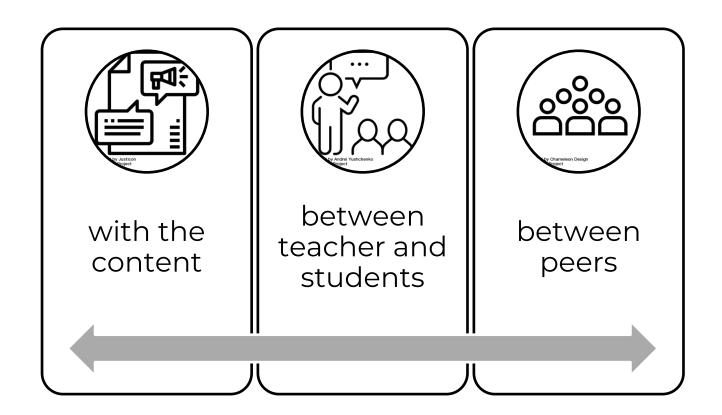




Pedagogical Activation

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Different interactions



How does interactivity with course content enhance student learning?



How, which digital tool?	What is the added value ?

How does interactivity **between teacher and students** enhance student learning?



How, which digital tool?	What is the added value ?

How does interactivity **between peers** enhance student learning?



How, which digital tool?	What is the added value ?



Various educational practices with digital technology

- . Personal Learning Environment (PLE)
- 2. Pedagogical Activation
- 3. Different educational practices with digital technology
- 4. A combination of teaching modalities
- 5. Open Educational Resources for Teaching and Learning
- 6. Supporting Resources







CONSTRUIRE MON COURS DANS L'ENVIRONNEMENT NUMÉRIQUE UCLOUVAIN







Organiser le suivi des acquis et le feedback

Proposer des activités

Proposer des exercices en différé

Proposer une activité de lecture

Organiser un travail de recherche



Supporting Resources

- Educational and Open Educational Resources for Teaching and Learning
- 2. Personal Learning Environment (PLE)
- 3. Pedagogical Activation
- 4. Supporting Resources

Training in digital practices & a contact address

4 LLDays & on demand trainings



Contact adress: num-III@uclouvain.be